## LONG-TERM ECONOMIC FORECAST

## **TD Economics**

D

December 17, 2015

## UNITED STATES

- The U.S. economy is expected to grow in a narrow range between 2.3% and 2.5% over the 2015 to 2017 period. Growth will be led by domestic sectors, bolstered by robust job growth, rising wages, and low energy prices. This is set against a weak global backdrop, especially within emerging markets, and a strong dollar that will keep pressure on the nation's exporters.
- With above-trend economic growth, labour market slack will continue to diminish over the next three years. The unemployment is expected to trough at 4.8% in 2017. As slack diminishes, the unemployment rate is expected to inch up to a structural rate of 5.0% by the end of the forecast.
- As the effects of falling energy prices and a rising dollar fade, CPI inflation is expected to rise from an average of 0.1% in 2015 to 1.8% in 2016. The PCE price index, which runs 0.3-0.5 percentage points below CPI, will also move up, but will likely not reach the Fed's target of 2.0% until 2018.
- The path upward for interest rates is likely to be much more gradual than it has been historically. We expect the Federal Reserve to raise the fed funds rate by between 50 and 75 basis points of tightening in each calendar year, with the federal funds rate reaching 3.25% by the end of 2019.
- The long-term potential growth rate for the U.S. economy will be lower than it has been historically, largely reflecting slower labour force growth due to population aging. Our projection for 2.0% potential growth is based on annual growth in labour hours of 0.6% and labour productivity of 1.4%.

## CANADA

- 2015 was a weak year for the Canadian economy, and only a modest recovery is expected in 2016 and 2017. This yields only a slow uptake of economic slack. Thereafter, the economy is expected to remain near its longer-term potential growth of about 1.7%.
- Over the near term, exports will be a key driver of growth, supported by the low level of the loonie, and a recovery in U.S. demand. Over the longer-term, export gains are expected to moderate somewhat, but remain supportive of growth, helped by a loonie that remains at or below 83 cents U.S.
- Relatively weak oil prices in the near term will continue to place downward pressure on business investment, which is not likely to growth until 2017. Even after recovering, oil prices are expected to settle in around \$65, sufficient for solid if unremarkable investment growth. At the same time, residential investment is expected to contract in 2017 and 2018, resulting in a modest rebalancing of the housing market.
- Consumer expenditure growth is forecast to remain relatively tepid, held back by high debt levels and a normalization of interest rates. The paths of consumption and investment together yield modest growth in domestic demand, particularly in 2015 and 2016.
- Over the long-run, potential growth is expected to be somewhat lower than in the past. This is due to labour force growth of only about 0.6% per year, reflecting demographic pressures. Productivity is expected to remain in line with historic patterns, near 1.1% per year. The net result is a long-term economic 'cruising speed' of about 1.7%.



				ONON										
Period-Over-Period Annualized Per Cent Change Unless Otherwise Indicated														
	Annual Average							Fourth Quarter / Fourth Quarter						
	14	15F	16F	17F	18F	19F	14	15F	16F	17F	18F	19		
Real GDP	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.5	2.2	2.5	2.3	2.0	2.0		
Consumer Expenditure	2.7	3.1	3.1	2.5	2.2	2.0	3.2	2.7	3.1	2.3	2.1	2.0		
Durable Goods	5.9	5.9	5.6	4.4	3.5	3.0	7.5	5.0	5.7	3.7	3.3	2.7		
Non-Res. Fixed Investment	6.2	3.1	3.5	4.0	3.1	2.5	5.5	2.5	4.1	3.8	2.8	2.3		
Non-Res. Structures	8.1	-1.3	1.0	4.3	3.4	3.0	5.0	-2.7	3.5	4.1	3.2	2.9		
Equipment & IPP*	5.6	4.4	4.2	3.9	3.0	2.3	5.7	4.1	4.3	3.7	2.6	2.2		
Residential Investment	1.8	8.8	9.6	9.0	4.7	3.5	5.1	9.2	10.2	7.3	3.8	3.4		
Gov't. Expenditures	-0.6	0.8	1.6	1.2	1.1	1.0	0.4	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.0	1.(		
Final Domestic Demand	2.5	2.9	3.1	2.7	2.2	1.9	3.0	2.6	3.2	2.5	2.0	1.9		
Exports	3.4	1.4	2.7	5.0	5.1	4.9	2.4	0.3	3.7	5.3	5.0	4.		
Imports	3.8	5.1	5.5	6.3	4.7	3.6	5.4	3.5	7.3	5.7	4.1	3.		
Change in Non-Farm														
Inventories	68.0	97.9	58.8	42.3	34.0	26.8								
Final Sales	2.4	2.3	2.7	2.5	2.2	2.1	2.6	2.2	2.6	2.3	2.1	2.		
International Current														
Account Balance (\$Bn)	-390	-468	-529	-701	-756	-750								
% of GDP	-2.2	-2.6	-2.8	-3.6	-3.7	-3.5								
Pre-tax Corp. Profits														
including IVA&CCA	1.7	-1.2	0.2	3.1	3.9	4.3	3.4	-4.7	1.7	3.6	4.1	4.4		
% of GDP	11.9	11.4	11.0	10.8	10.8	10.8								
GDP Deflator	1.6	1.0	1.6	2.0	2.1	2.2	1.4	1.2	1.8	2.1	2.1	2.3		
Nominal GDP	4.1	3.5	4.1	4.4	4.3	4.3	3.9	3.4	4.3	4.4	4.2	4.		
Labour Force	0.3	0.8	0.8	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.7	1.1	1.1	0.9	0.8		
Employment	1.9	2.1	1.7	1.4	0.9	0.7	2.1	1.9	1.6	1.2	0.8	0.7		
Employment ('000s)	2,629	2,917	2,437	1,977	1,375	1,017	2,934	2,657	2,326	1,735	1,176	97		
Unemployment Rate (%)	6.2	5.3	4.9	4.8	4.9	5.0								
Personal Disp. Income	4.2	3.9	4.5	4.1	4.0	4.3	4.7	4.2	4.2	4.0	4.0	4.		
Pers. Savings Rate (%)	4.8	5.3	5.3	4.7	4.5	4.7								
Cons. Price Index (CPI)	1.6	0.1	1.8	2.8	2.4	2.3	1.2	0.5	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.		
Core CPI	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.3	2.3	1.7	2.0	1.9	2.3	2.3	2.		
Core PCE price index	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.4	1.4	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.		
Housing Starts (mns)	1.00	1.11	1.29	1.47	1.56	1.61								
Real output per hour**	0.7	0.8	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.7	0.0	1.3	0.9	1.2	1.5	1.5		

\*Intellectual proprty products. \*\*Non-farm business sector. F: Forecast by TD Economics, December 2015

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, TD Economics

CANADIAN ECONOMIC OUTLOOK Period-Over-Period Annualized Per Cent Change Unless Otherwise Indicated													
	Annual Average						Fourth Quarter / Fourth Quarter						
	14	15F	16F	17F	18F	19F	14	15F	16F	17F	18F	19F	
Real GDP	2.5	1.2	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.6	2.4	0.6	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.6	
Consumer Expenditure	2.6	1.9	1.5	1.8	1.7	1.6	2.6	1.3	1.6	1.9	1.7	1.6	
Durable Goods	4.3	3.7	2.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	6.3	3.0	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	
Non-Res. Fixed Investment	0.0	-7.2	-3.2	2.6	2.7	2.1	1.5	-10.3	-0.5	3.7	2.0	2.1	
Non-Res. Structures	-0.4	-10.0	-3.6	0.6	1.3	2.1	-1.4	-11.9	-0.9	0.7	1.9	2.1	
Equipment & IPP*	1.0	-1.8	-2.7	5.4	4.5	2.0	7.4	-7.3	0.2	7.9	2.1	2.0	
Residential Investment	2.5	3.9	1.5	-3.2	-0.7	1.0	4.4	3.5	-0.7	-3.8	1.2	1.0	
Gov't. Expenditures	0.6	1.3	0.5	2.0	1.9	1.5	-0.2	0.8	0.5	1.4	1.5	1.5	
Final Domestic Demand	1.6	0.7	0.9	1.6	1.7	1.6	2.0	0.0	1.2	1.8	1.7	1.6	
Exports	5.3	3.3	4.2	3.6	2.9	2.3	6.2	2.9	4.0	3.6	2.4	2.3	
Imports	1.8	0.6	1.0	2.9	2.9	2.6	2.8	-1.0	2.2	3.2	2.7	2.6	
Change in Non-Farm													
Inventories (\$2007 Bn)	6.7	8.1	4.1	3.3	3.0	3.2							
Final Sales	2.8	1.6	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.6	3.2	1.1	1.8	1.9	1.6	1.6	
International Current													
Account Balance (\$Bn)	-44.9	-64.2	-43.7	-21.6	-19.9	-18.9							
% of GDP	-2.3	-3.2	-2.1	-1.0	-0.9	-0.8							
Pre-tax Corp. Profits	7.0	-16.2	1.7	4.8	4.7	4.0	5.6	-16.5	3.9	5.1	4.4	4.0	
% of GDP	13.8	11.5	11.3	11.5	11.6	11.6							
GDP Deflator	1.8	-0.4	1.1	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.4	0.1	1.3	2.3	1.9	2.0	
Nominal GDP	4.3	0.9	2.7	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.9	0.7	3.2	4.1	3.5	3.6	
Labour Force	0.4	0.8	0.9	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.3	1.2	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.5	
Employment	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.4	
Employment ('000s)	111	150	127	130	105	100	128	128	136	112	115	81	
Unemployment Rate (%)	6.9	6.9	7.1	6.9	6.7	6.7							
Personal Disp. Income	3.0	3.5	3.2	3.7	3.4	3.5	3.6	2.8	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.5	
Pers. Savings Rate (%)	4.1	4.6	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.6							
Cons. Price Index (CPI)	1.9	1.1	1.6	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.1	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Core CPI	1.8	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.1	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Housing Starts ('000s)	189	191	197	172	176	185							
Productivity:													
Real GDP per worker	1.8	0.4	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.7	-0.2	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.0	

Sources: Statistics Canada, Bank of Canada, Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation, Haver Analytics, TD Economics.

INTEREST RATE OUTLOOK														
	Annual Average							End of Period						
	14	15F	16F	17F	18F	19F	14	15F	16F	17F	18F	19F		
U.S. FIXED INCOME														
Fed Funds Target Rate (%)	0.25	0.30	1.05	1.70	2.20	2.90	0.25	0.50	1.25	1.75	2.25	3.25		
3-mth T-Bill Rate (%)	0.04	0.05	0.80	1.45	1.95	2.70	0.04	0.25	1.00	1.50	2.05	3.05		
2-yr Govt. Bond Yield (%)	0.54	0.70	1.55	2.05	2.50	3.05	0.67	1.00	1.75	2.10	2.70	3.15		
5-yr Govt. Bond Yield (%)	1.70	1.55	2.15	2.45	2.85	3.20	1.65	1.80	2.25	2.60	2.95	3.30		
10-yr Govt. Bond Yield (%)	2.49	2.20	2.50	2.70	3.15	3.40	2.17	2.40	2.50	2.90	3.25	3.45		
10-yr-2-yr Govt. Spread (%)	1.95	1.50	0.95	0.65	0.65	0.35	1.50	1.40	0.75	0.80	0.55	0.30		
CANADIAN FIXED INCOME														
Overnight Target Rate (%)	1.00	0.65	0.50	0.55	1.40	2.40	1.00	0.50	0.50	0.75	1.75	2.75		
3-mth T-Bill Rate (%)	0.92	0.50	0.45	0.60	1.45	2.45	0.91	0.45	0.45	0.83	1.83	2.83		
2-yr Govt. Bond Yield (%)	1.08	0.55	0.65	1.10	2.05	2.75	1.01	0.60	0.75	1.45	2.35	2.95		
5-yr Govt. Bond Yield (%)	1.55	0.85	1.20	1.70	2.40	2.95	1.34	1.05	1.35	1.90	2.70	3.10		
10-yr Govt. Bond Yield (%)	2.16	1.55	1.90	2.30	2.95	3.25	1.79	1.80	2.05	2.50	3.15	3.30		
10-yr-2-yr Govt. Spread (%)	1.08	1.00	1.25	1.20	0.90	0.50	0.78	1.20	1.30	1.05	0.80	0.35		
F: Forecast by TD Economics, De Source: Statistics Canada, Bank c			erg											

This report is provided by TD Economics. It is for informational and educational purposes only as of the date of writing, and may not be appropriate for other purposes. The views and opinions expressed may change at any time based on market or other conditions and may not come to pass. This material is not intended to be relied upon as investment advice or recommendations, does not constitute a solicitation to buy or sell securities and should not be considered specific legal, investment or tax advice. The report does not provide material information about the business and affairs of TD Bank Group and the members of TD Economics are not spokespersons for TD Bank Group with respect to its business and affairs. The information contained in this report has been drawn from sources believed to be reliable, but is not guaranteed to be accurate or complete. This report contains economic analysis and views, including about future economic and financial markets performance. These are based on certain assumptions and other factors, and are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties. The actual outcome may be materially different. The Toronto-Dominion Bank and its affiliates and related entities that comprise the TD Bank Group are not liable for any errors or omissions in the information, analysis or views contained in this report, or for any loss or damage suffered.