SECOND QUARTER

REPORT TO

SHAREHOLDERS

Six Months Ended

April 30, 1999

TD BANK FINANCIAL GROUP



Letter to Shareholders

TD continued to focus on executing our strategies in the second quarter of 1999, leading to strong momentum in the development and performance of our businesses. Our core businesses all made progress and we achieved record results. Net income increased to \$348 million. Earnings per share are also a record. On a cash basis (that is, excluding goodwill charges) earnings per share reached \$1.17, up by \$.14 or 14% over the second quarter of 1998. Earnings per share on an accrual basis increased to \$1.14, up \$.14 or 14% from last year.

The strong financial performance of the quarter was broadly based. We saw solid growth in discount brokerage and mutual funds, and gained market share in our core retail banking businesses, which experienced an improvement in net income over the same quarter last year.

TD Waterhouse Securities IPO

At TD's annual meeting of shareholders on March 31, we announced our intention to proceed with an initial public offering (IPO) of approximately 10% of TD Waterhouse Securities – a new subsidiary comprised of our discount brokerage businesses around the world, including Waterhouse Investor Services, Inc. in the United States and Green Line Investor Services in Canada, Australia, the U.K. and Hong Kong. This global business includes more than 2.6 million client accounts and US\$100 billion (CAD \$147 billion) in assets under administration. By the end of the quarter, we had filed a preliminary prospectus and we expect to complete the issue during our fiscal third quarter.

Our goals with this initiative are threefold. First, it is intended to enhance TD shareholder value by establishing the market value of a core asset. Second, it should raise significant capital, which will be invested in TD Waterhouse technology, systems, advertising and marketing to support the growth of our global discount brokerage franchise. Finally, the offering should both create an acquisition currency in the form of publicly quoted shares of TD Waterhouse Securities, which shares may be used to fund strategic acquisitions in the discount brokerage sector, and also enhance the value of TD shares as an acquisition currency for businesses other than discount brokerage.

We believe that these are important steps for the future of this key strategic business – already the second largest discount brokerage operation in the world.

Leadership in e-commerce

Leadership in electronic commerce is a major factor in the marketplace recognition of the value of our discount brokerage operations. On-line trading is seen as a key strategic area of this business. We also believe that e-commerce is key to the future of retail banking and for several years we have been investing in electronic banking systems to provide customers with convenient, low cost delivery channels. Our electronic banking services continued to grow and, at the end of

Financial Highlights

		Three mo	Six months ende		
	Apr. 30 1999	Jan. 31 1999	Apr. 30 Apr. 30 1998 1999		Apr. 30 1998
Net income (millions of dollars)	\$ 348	\$ 312	\$ 307	\$ 660	\$ 600
Per common share					
Net income	1.14	1.01	1.00	2.15	1.95
Net income – cash basis	1.17	1.05	1.03	2.22	2.09
Dividends	.34	.34	.32	.68	.64
Return on common equity	17.6%	15.5%	17.3%	16.6%	16.8%
Return on common equity – cash basis	20.1	17.8	19.6	19.0	19.9
Return on assets	.68	.58	.68	.63	.68
Total assets (billions of dollars) - at end of quarter	\$ 208.0	\$ 213.5	\$ 189.5		

the second quarter, TD had almost 400,000 on-line customers and 1.4 million customers taking advantage of the convenience of TD Access Telephone Banking.

Enhancing our advice channels

As we provide greater convenience and choice through electronic delivery channels, we are also enhancing the ways we provide advice to our customers – continuing to upgrade advisory services available through our branches and our mobile force of financial planners. To this end, we have moved our key retail advisory businesses including TD Evergreen, our full service brokerage, and private banking and trust services into our retail banking division. This should allow for a more integrated delivery of financial services for clients.

We also increased our focus on commercial banking customers during the quarter, naming a senior TD executive as head of the Commercial Banking Division.

As well during the quarter, we completed the acquisition of Trimark Trust's retail branch banking business, which was being serviced out of an eight branch network. This acquisition represents approximately \$800 million in business volumes and features a strong mortgage and deposit portfolio.

Improving the business balance

As we stated in the first quarter, we intend to allocate a higher proportion of our capital over time to high growth retail businesses while generating higher returns to shareholders on the capital invested in our wholesale businesses. During the quarter, we achieved strong growth in our high-return corporate lending business as well as growing market share and volume for our corporate debt and equity businesses. At the same time, we reduced low return corporate loans by approximately \$1 billion. We also decided to merge our wholesale businesses – to further integrate our advisory and banking services and to provide even better solutions for our corporate and investment banking clients.

Outlook

Economic growth in Canada and particularly in Ontario, our largest single market, has been more buoyant than anticipated – with healthy employment growth, low interest rates, a strengthening dollar and strong consumer confidence. We therefore expect another year of solid economic growth in our core markets, although we anticipate ongoing volatility in capital markets. We believe TD employees will continue to be successful in this environment and that 1999 will continue to be a good year for our customers and our shareholders.

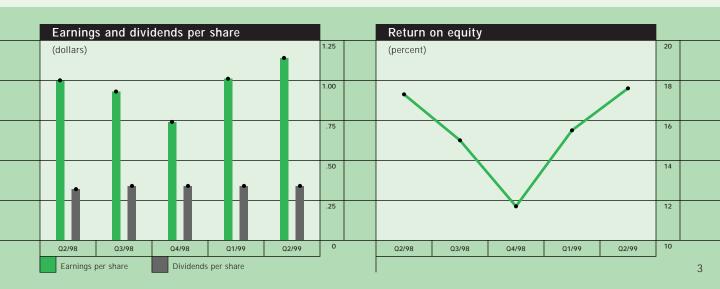
Al Baillie

A. Charles Baillie Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Toronto May 27, 1999

W/ Shock.

William T. Brock Deputy Chairman



Review of TD's Businesses

(unaudited, in millions of dollars)

		For the three months ended					For the six months ended			
Net income	A	pr. 30 1999	J	an. 31 1999	Д	pr. 30 1998	A	pr. 30 1999	A	pr. 30 1998
Retail Personal and commercial banking Wealth management services	\$	100 94	\$	107 49	\$	93 43	\$	207 143	\$	223 40
Total retail		194		156		136		350		263
Wholesale Corporate and investment banking		163		211		184		374		368
Retail and wholesale Other		357 (9)		367 (55)		320 (13)		724 (64)		631 (31)
Total	\$	348	\$	312	\$	307	\$	660	\$	600

Personal and Commercial Banking

Personal and Commercial Banking performed satisfactorily in the quarter, generating a \$7 million or 8% increase in net income as compared with the same quarter last year. Return on equity declined 1 percentage point to 17%, reflecting a higher usage of capital. Other income increased \$24 million or 13% primarily reflecting income from asset securitizations and improved insurance revenues. This was partly offset by \$6 million lower net interest income due to the impact of asset securitizations and a flatter yield curve.

Expenses decreased for the third consecutive quarter in part due to the shorter period and were up only 2% compared to the same quarter last year. Average earning assets grew 3% as personal loans and residential mortgages continued to show strong growth of 5% and 8% respectively.

Compared to the prior quarter, net income decreased by \$7 million primarily due to fewer days in the quarter. Market share continues to improve in residential mortgages, personal loans and personal deposits.

Wealth Management Services

Wealth Management net income of \$94 million increased more than 100% over the same quarter last year as a result of strong growth in brokerage commissions and the \$41 million after-tax impact of a securities gain on an investment in this business sector. On a cash basis, return on equity improved 41 percentage points to 74%. Net income at Waterhouse increased \$50 million or 310% versus a year ago including the net investment securities gain. Net income for Green Line Canada was also up 52% in the same period.

Waterhouse trade volumes for the quarter increased 140% versus a year ago to 97,000 trades per day and averaged in excess of 117,000 trades per day in April. In addition, the number of active accounts in Waterhouse reached over 1.3 million accounts, a one year increase of 62%, while assets under administration grew to \$117 billion, a year-over-year increase of 99%. Green Line Canada also enjoyed a strong quarter with trade volumes increasing 25% over the prior year.

Total revenue for Wealth Management amounted to \$535 million for the quarter, an increase of \$198 million or 59% from the same quarter last year, and is largely the result of the increased market activity, most notably on-line trading, the large securities gain, and mutual funds growth.

(unaudited)

	Fo	r the three mor	For the six months ended		
Return on equity	Apr. 30 1999	Jan. 31 1999	Apr. 30 1998	Apr. 30 1999	Apr. 30 1998
Retail					
Personal and commercial banking	17%	18%	18%	18%	22%
Wealth management services	29	14	13	22	6
Total retail	21	17	16	19	16
Wholesale					
Corporate and investment banking	16	20	18	18	18
Retail and wholesale	18	18	17	18	17
Total	18%	16%	17%	17%	17%

Corporate and Investment Banking

As a result of the increased integration of our advisory and banking services, the financial results of Corporate and Investment Banking have been combined for reporting purposes.

Corporate lending and syndications net income improved by 9% compared to a year ago mainly due to strength in syndications. The syndication business was able to increase revenue by 19% due to a large number of medium size deals, especially in the U.S. As a result of the Bank being well positioned to take advantage of continuing strength in the global debt and equity markets, investment banking-related trading and fee revenue increased by \$35 million or 15% from the prior year.

Net income for the segment decreased by \$21 million or 11% compared to the same quarter a year ago primarily due to lower net investment securities gains. Return on equity fell by 2 percentage points. The decrease in net income from the first quarter of this year is due largely to \$118 million lower net investment security gains.

Year 2000

The Year 2000 issue refers to concerns that computer and other electronic systems will not correctly interpret dates in the next century, possibly resulting in errors. If not properly addressed, the Bank's ability to conduct normal business activities could be affected.

The Bank remains confident that all aspects of the Year 2000 issue will be resolved, and has issued a formal guarantee to customers that their deposits will be safe and their financial records will be fully protected before, on, and after January 1, 2000. In May, customers began receiving information on the Bank's preparedness in all regular statements and other communications.

Our work on the Year 2000 issue has been a top priority since 1995. Our Information Technology experts have now completed the remediation phase of our Year 2000 computer-readiness program and the internal testing of our systems. External testing with merchants, customers, suppliers and industry organizations is underway and is expected to be substantially completed by June 30th. As shareholders are undoubtedly aware, the impact of Year 2000 issues will depend on the readiness of these entities and others with dealings with the Bank, as well as its own readiness. The Bank also has in place well-established business continuity plans, which are being reinforced in anticipation of the Year 2000 transition. Given the successful testing we have conducted both internally and with external suppliers, we are confident that Year 2000 will not have a material and adverse impact on the Bank's operations.

The total costs associated with the Year 2000 conversion are approximately \$100 million, of which \$74 million has been incurred to date (\$10 million of this amount was incurred during the quarter). All material costs are being expensed as incurred.

TD achieved record earnings for the second successive quarter. Net income of \$348 million this quarter is \$41 million or 13% higher than the same quarter last year. Total revenue is \$196 million or 12% higher including net interest income of \$752 million and record other income of \$1,044 million.

Earnings per share are also a record. On a cash basis (that is, not including goodwill charges) they are \$1.17 compared to \$1.03 in the same quarter last year and on an accrual basis are \$1.14 compared to \$1.00. Return on common equity on a cash basis is 20.1% this quarter compared to 19.6% last year. On an accrual basis, return on equity is 17.6% this quarter compared to 17.3% last year.

Net interest income

Net interest income this quarter, on a taxable equivalent basis, is \$752 million. This is \$20 million or 3% lower than second quarter last year. The decline in net interest income is in part attributable to our securitization of loan assets, which reduces net interest income while increasing other income. Average earning assets grew 17% or \$26 billion to \$181 billion with trading securities accounting for most of the increase. Trading securities support our investment banking businesses and have minimal credit risk but also have a much lower interest margin than other intermediation products. The growth in trading securities and assets securitized, as well as a flatter yield curve, contributed to our margin declining 34 basis points to 1.70% compared to the same quarter a year ago.

Credit quality and provision for credit losses

Credit quality remains high. At the end of the quarter, the allowance for credit losses exceeded gross impaired loans by \$427 million compared to \$78 million a year ago. Our estimate of the full-year provision for credit losses for 1999 is \$300 million, excluding a \$100 million special general provision taken in the first quarter. One fourth or \$75 million of the full-year estimate was expensed this quarter. The Bank's total accumulated general allowance for credit losses, which relates to both loans and offbalance sheet instruments, was \$740 million at April 30, 1999 versus \$447 million last year. General allowances generally qualify as Tier 2 capital under guidelines issued by the Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions Canada (OSFI). While building our general allowance for credit losses, our total yearly provision for credit losses has been at the estimated annual average over a credit cycle.

Other income

Record other income of \$1,044 million this quarter was driven by our wealth management and corporate and investment banking businesses. Other income is 26% or \$216 million higher than the same quarter last year.

TD's wealth management businesses, which include our global discount brokerage businesses (Green Line Investor Services in Canada, Australia, Europe and Hong Kong, and Waterhouse Investor Services, Inc. in the U.S.), our full service brokerage, TD Evergreen, and our Green Line and Waterhouse mutual funds, all had a strong quarter. Global discount brokerage revenue increased \$105 million or 64% over last year. Average trades per day in Waterhouse were 140% higher than last year while Green Line experienced a 23% increase. Mutual fund revenue growth was \$16 million or 33% over last year, reflecting growth in mutual fund assets under administration of 10% to \$16 billion in Canada and 102% to \$10 billion in the U.S.

Capital markets activity remained strong during the quarter, allowing our wholesale corporate and investment banking businesses to experience very good revenue growth compared to the same quarter last year. Trading income this quarter is \$31 million or 20% higher and corporate credit fees were \$6 million or 9% higher than a year ago. We realized \$80 million in net investment securities gains this quarter versus \$42 million last year. Gains realized on the partial disposition of the Bank's interest in the Knight/Trimark Group Inc. in conjunction with the secondary public offering of that company accounted for \$68 million of these gains. The surplus over book value of the entire investment securities portfolio was \$1,534 million compared to \$965 million a year ago.

Non-interest expenses

Base expenses were contained to only 2% growth from last year. Higher business activity in our global discount brokerage business increased expenses by 12%. Expenses directly related to revenue generation in our corporate and investment bank added another 1% to our expense growth.

The percentage growth in total expenses was higher than revenue growth and our efficiency ratio deteriorated 170 basis points to 62.7%, excluding goodwill amortization expense. The deterioration is consistent with record other income this quarter and a higher contribution by our wealth management businesses to our revenue stream. While these businesses have negligible credit risk and a higher return on equity, on a cash basis, than traditional intermediation businesses, their expense to revenue ratios are also higher.

Balance sheet

Total assets as at April 30, 1999 were \$208 billion, which is \$19 billion or 10% higher than a year ago. An increase in trading securities is the main reason for our strong asset growth. Retail lending volumes continue to benefit from gains in market share in Canada and growth in the U.S. via Waterhouse. Residential mortgage loans, including securitizations, grew 8% or \$2.6 billion and personal loans increased 32% or \$4.3 billion over last year. Waterhouse contributed \$3.6 billion to the growth in personal loans. Credit card loans grew 13% over last year, including \$2 billion of securitizations. Led by a 67% or \$2.6 billion increase at Waterhouse, personal non-term deposits increased 12% or \$2.7 billion from a year ago. Personal term deposits have experienced growth in each of the last four quarters and are 12% higher than the same quarter last year. Wholesale deposits are 14% or \$8.4 billion higher and support our growth in investment banking assets.

Capital

Total common equity was \$7.9 billion at April 30, 1999, an increase of \$76 million from last quarter. This increase was a result of net income after dividends of \$236 million, partially offset by a foreign currency translation loss arising from the strengthening of the Canadian dollar relative to other currencies at the end of the quarter.

Active balance sheet management kept risk-weighted assets growth to less than 1% during the quarter. As a result, our net common equity to risk-weighted assets ratio at April 30, 1999 was 6.3%, an increase of 10 basis points from January 31, 1999. At the end of the quarter, our Tier 1 and total capital ratios were unchanged at 7.0% and 10.6% from last quarter.

Consolidated Interim Statement of Income

Apr. 19 19 \$ 2,6 1,9 7	99 53	Jan. 31 1999 \$ 2,693		Apr. 30 1998		Apr. 30	A	pr. 30
1,9		\$ 2,693	¢			1999		1998
7	- /	1,900	2	2,319 1,602	\$	5,346 3,849		4,589 3,112
	04 75	793 175		717 62		1,497 250		1,477 125
6	29	618		655		1,247		1,352
1	18 80	409 100 132		339 105 42		857 218 212		603 187 78
	69 43	99 68 46 83		153 70 41 78		283 137 89 185		218 139 85 225
1,0	44	937		828		1,981		1,535
1,6	73	1,555		1,483		3,228		2,887
3	93 99 41	577 90 93 311 1,071		553 80 85 267 985		1,183 183 192 652 2,210		1,033 160 161 545 1,899
		484 172		498 191		1,018 358		988 388
		312 11		307 10		660 22		600 21
\$ 3	37	\$ 301	\$	297	\$	638	\$	579
\$ 1.	14	\$ 1.01	\$	1.00	\$	2.15	\$	1.95
	6. 4. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 6. 3. 1. 1. 1. 5. 1. 1. 5. 1. 1. 5. 1. 1. 5. 5. 1. 5. 5. 1. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5.		629 618 448 409 118 100 80 132 184 99 69 68 43 46 102 83 1,044 937 1,673 1,555 606 577 93 90 99 93 341 311 1,139 1,071 534 484 186 172 348 312 11 11 \$ 337 \$ 301	629 618 448 409 118 100 80 132 184 99 69 68 43 46 102 83 1,044 937 1,673 1,555 606 577 93 90 99 93 341 311 1,139 1,071 534 484 186 172 348 312 11 11 \$ 337 \$ 301	629 618 655 448 409 339 118 100 105 80 132 42 184 99 153 69 68 70 43 46 41 102 83 78 1,044 937 828 1,673 1,555 1,483 606 577 553 93 90 80 99 93 85 341 311 267 1,139 1,071 985 534 484 498 186 172 191 348 312 307 11 11 10 \$ 337 301 297	629 618 655 448 409 339 118 100 105 80 132 42 184 99 153 69 68 70 43 46 41 102 83 78 1,044 937 828 1,673 1,555 1,483 606 577 553 93 90 80 99 93 85 341 311 267 1,139 1,071 985 341 311 267 1,139 1,071 985 341 311 267 1348 312 307 1348 312 307 14 11 10 \$ 337 \$ 301 297	629 618 655 1,247 448 409 339 857 118 100 105 218 80 132 42 212 184 99 153 283 69 68 70 137 43 46 41 89 102 83 78 185 1,044 937 828 1,981 1,673 1,555 1,483 3,228 606 577 553 1,183 93 90 80 183 93 90 80 183 93 90 80 183 93 90 80 183 93 90 80 183 93 90 80 183 93 90 85 192 341 311 267 652 1,139 1,071 985 2,210 <	629 618 655 1,247 448 409 339 857 118 100 105 218 80 132 42 212 184 99 153 283 69 68 70 137 43 46 41 89 102 83 78 185 1,044 937 828 1,981 1,673 1,555 1,483 3,228 606 577 553 1,183 93 90 80 183 99 93 85 192 341 311 267 652 1,139 1,071 985 2,210 534 484 498 1,018 186 172 191 358 348 312 307 660 11 11 10 22 \$ 337 \$ 301 297 <

Certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with current year presentation.

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet

(unaudited, in millions of dollars)

Balance Sheet		As at	
	Apr. 30 1999	Jan. 31 1999	Apr. 30 1998
Assets			
Cash resources	\$ 7,596	\$ 8,531	\$ 6,878
Securities purchased under resale agreements	20,536	23,377	28,828
Securities			
Investment	16,188	17,499	15,036
Trading	47,635	46,928	30,637
	63,823	64,427	45,673
Loans (net of allowance for credit losses)			
Residential mortgages	33,343	32,388	30,734
Consumer instalment and other personal	18,819	16,442	16,186
Business and government	38,235	39,011	38,120
	90,397	87,841	85,040
Customers' liability under acceptances	8,861	10,267	8,078
Other assets	16,828	19,042	15,022
	\$ 208,041	\$ 213,485	\$ 189,519
Liabilities			
Deposits			
Personal	\$ 50,783	\$ 49,441	\$ 45,332
Business and government	90,482	94,995	82,341
	141,265	144,436	127,673
Acceptances	8,861	10,267	8,078
Obligations related to securities sold short	16,034	16,482	10,116
Obligations related to securities sold under repurchase agreements	15,207	15,849	21,241
Other liabilities	14,552	14,248	10,922
Subordinated notes	3,411	3,559	3,425
Shareholders' equity			
Preferred	830	839	900
Common	7,881	7,805	7,164
	\$ 208,041	\$ 213,485	\$ 189,519

Certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with current year presentation.

(unaudited, in millions of dollars)

For the six months ended

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity

Statement of Shareholders Equity	Apr. 30 1999	Apr. 30 1998	
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 8,533	\$ 7,303	
Issue of common shares	4	2	
Issue of preferred shares	-	350	
Net income	660	600	
Dividends	(224)	(211)	
Unrealized net foreign currency translation			
gains (losses), net of income taxes	(232)	38	
Other	(30)	(18)	
Balance at end of period	\$ 8,711	\$ 8,064	

Condensed Statement of Changes in Financial Position

For the six months ended
Apr. 30 Apr. 30

	Apr. 30	Apr. 30
	1999	1998
Cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities		
Net income	\$ 660	\$ 600
Adjustments to determine net cash flows	(8,512)	(11,569)
	(7,852)	(10,969)
Cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities		
Deposits	20,588	17,047
Securities sold short or under repurchase agreements	9,786	6,518
Subordinated notes and share capital	(206)	389
Dividends paid	(224)	(211)
Other items, net	(20)	16
	29,924	23,759
Cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities		
Investment securities	(3,464)	(2,347)
Loans	(5,720)	(5,489)
Securities purchased under resale agreements	(8,245)	(5,507)
Interest-bearing deposits with banks	(4,209)	1,222
Other items	(126)	(156)
	(21,764)	(12,277)
Net increase in cash	308	513
Cash at beginning of period	1,379	1,200
Cash at end of period	\$ 1,687	\$ 1,713

Certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with current year presentation.

Statistical Review

		1999			1998
	2	1	4	3	2
Key measurements Net income (millions of dollars)	\$ 348	312	234	287	307
Per common share Net income Dividends Book value	1.14 .34 26.51 77.85	1.01 .34 26.26 63.00	.74 .34 25.87 45.90	.93 .34 25.19 59.65	1.00 .32 24.12 65.30
Closing market price Return on common equity Return on assets Efficiency ratio	17.85 17.6% .68 63.4	15.5 .58 60.3	43.90 11.7 .45 71.5		17.3 .68 61.6
Net interest margin (billions of dollars) Average earning assets Average total assets Net interest income (TEB) as a % of: Average earning assets Average total assets	\$ 181.2 208.7 1.70% 1.48	181.1 212.0 1.84 1.57	178.4 208.3 1.72 1.47	165.4 196.7 1.88 1.58	155.2 184.2 2.04 1.72
Credit quality (millions of dollars) (At quarter end) Gross impaired loans Less: allowance for credit losses	\$ 690 1,117	636 1,067	617 876	579 900	590 668
Net impaired loans	\$ (427)	(431)	(259)	(321)	(78)
Net impaired loans as a % of net loans ¹	(.4)%	(.4)	(.3)	(.3)	(.1)
Provision for credit losses (millions of dollars) Provision as a % of net average loans ¹	\$ 75 .31%	175 .71	62 .25	263 1.11	62 .28
Capital measurements Capital (millions of dollars) Tier 1 Total	\$ 7,829 11,734	7,716 11,703	7,575 11,536	7,482 11,496	7,331 11,067
Total risk-weighted assets (billions of dollars)	\$ 111.1	110.6	105.1	102.9	103.7
Tier 1 capital ratio Total capital ratio Common equity to total assets Net common equity to risk-weighted assets	7.0% 10.6 3.8 6.3	7.0 10.6 3.7 6.2	7.2 11.0 4.2 6.4	7.3 11.2 3.6 6.4	7.1 10.7 3.8 6.2
Other information Number of full-time equivalent employees Number of retail bank outlets Number of retail brokerage offices Number of Green Machines Number of common shares outstanding (millions) At end of quarter Average for guarter	30,186 911 266 2,168 297.2 297.2	29,394 931 257 2,149 297.2 297.2	29,236 931 254 2,124 297.1 297.1	29,920 918 235 2,116 297.1 297.1	29,445 920 226 2,086 297.0 297.0

'Includes customers' liability under acceptances.

THE TORONTO-DOMINION BANK

A. Charles Baillie Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

William T. Brock Deputy Chairman

Vice Chairs: J. Duncan Gibson Robert P. Kelly Stephen D. McDonald Donald A. Wright

Executive Vice Presidents: Allen W. Bell Jeffrey R. Carney Michael A. Foulkes Robert F. MacLellan Michael P. Mueller Thomas R. Spencer

Head Office

The Toronto-Dominion Bank P.O. Box 1 Toronto-Dominion Centre Toronto, Ontario Canada M5K 1A2

General Information

Financial: Contact Corporate & Public Affairs (416) 982-8578

Products and services: Contact TD Access Telephone Banking: Toll Free, in Canada and the United States: **1-800-9TD-BANK** (1-800-983-2265) Toronto: (416) 983-2265 French: 1-800-895-4463 Cantonese/Mandarin: 1-800-387-2828 Telecommunication devices for the deaf, call collect: (416) 982-4258

Shareholder Information

Call toll free in Canada: **1-800-4NEWS-TD** (1-800-463-9783) In Toronto, call: **982-NEWS** (982-6397) Outside of Canada, call collect: (416) 944-5743

Internet address:* http://www.tdbank.ca E-mail address: tdinfo@tdbank.ca



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